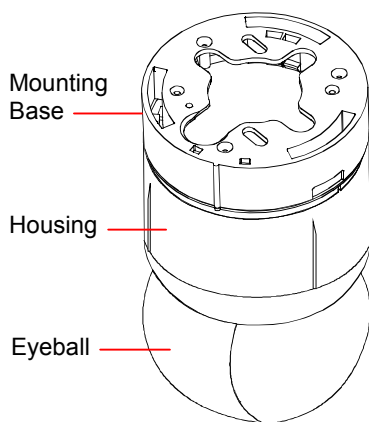


SpeedDome® Ultra VII Camera Dome

Installation and Service Guide

Figure 1. SpeedDome Ultra VII camera dome



Camera Dome Product Codes

Product	Description
RAS915LS	BW, 60HZ, 22X, NO BASE, BLACK
RAS915LSI	BW, 60HZ, 22X, I/O BASE, BLACK
RAS915LSP	BW, 60HZ, 22X, STD BASE, BLACK
RAS915LS-1	BW, 50HZ, 22X, NO BASE, BLACK
RAS915LSI-1	BW, 50HZ, 22X, I/O BASE, BLACK
RAS915LSP-1	BW, 50HZ, 22X, STD BASE, BLACK
RAS916LS	COLOR, 60HZ, 22X, NO BASE, BLACK
RAS916LSI	COLOR, 60HZ, 22X, I/O BASE, BLACK
RAS916LSP	COLOR, 60HZ, 22X, STD BASE, BLACK
RAS916WLS	COLOR, 60HZ, 22X, NO BASE, WHITE
RAS916WLSI	COLOR, 60HZ, 22X, I/O BASE, WHITE
RAS916WLSP	COLOR, 60HZ, 22X, STD BASE, WHITE
RAS916LS-1	COLOR, 50HZ, 22X, NO BASE, BLACK
RAS916LSI-1	COLOR, 50HZ, 22X, I/O BASE, BLACK
RAS916LSP-1	COLOR, 50HZ, 22X, STD BASE, BLACK
RAS916WLS-1	COLOR, 50HZ, 22X, NO BASE, WHITE
RAS916WLSI-1	COLOR, 50HZ, 22X, I/O BASE, WHITE
RAS916WLSP-1	COLOR, 50HZ, 22X, STD BASE, WHITE
RAS917LS	DAY/NIGHT, 60HZ, 23X, NO BASE, BLACK
RAS917LSI	DAY/NIGHT, 60HZ, 23X, I/O BASE, BLACK
RAS917LSP	DAY/NIGHT, 60HZ, 23X, STD BASE, BLACK
RAS917WLS	DAY/NIGHT, 60HZ, 23X, NO BASE, WHITE
RAS917WLSI	DAY/NIGHT, 60HZ, 23X, I/O BASE, WHITE
RAS917WLSP	DAY/NIGHT, 60HZ, 23X, STD BASE, WHITE
RAS917LS-1	DAY/NIGHT, 50HZ, 23X, NO BASE, BLACK
RAS917LSI-1	DAY/NIGHT, 50HZ, 23X, I/O BASE, BLACK
RAS917LSP-1	DAY/NIGHT, 50HZ, 23X, STD BASE, BLACK
RAS917WLS-1	DAY/NIGHT, 50HZ, 23X, NO BASE, WHITE
RAS917WLSI-1	DAY/NIGHT, 50HZ, 23X, I/O BASE, WHITE
RAS917WLSP-1	DAY/NIGHT, 50HZ, 23X, STD BASE, WHITE

Contents

Contents	1
About this Guide	1
About the Camera Dome	2
Cable Requirements	8
Install/Removal Tool for Base with I/O Board	9
Power-Up Routine	9
Synchronizing Domes	9
Diagnostic LEDs	9
Warnings and Cautions	10
Indoor Installation	12
Using the Install/Removal Tool	20
Troubleshooting Indoor Domes	22
Parts List for Authorized Users	34
Specifications-Indoor Dome	36
Specifications-22X Camera	37
Specifications-23X Camera	38
Declarations	39
Appendix A: Checking Power/Data on Std Base ..	40

About this Guide

This guide explains how to connect the camera dome to a mounting base and how to service it.

It does not explain how to:

- Determine a mounting location for the camera dome. The mounting location is determined by customer requirements; therefore, this information is provided separately.
- Attach the mounting base. There are two types of mounting bases. See information shipped with the base.
- Assemble housings and structures used with this camera dome. See information shipped with the housing and structure.
- Program the camera dome. See operator's guide shipped with the dome.

About the Camera Dome

The SpeedDome Ultra VII camera dome (Figure 1) comes in black or white finish (to blend into surrounding areas), mounts indoors or outdoors, and can communicate with the video controller over a SensorNet 485, RS422, or Manchester network. The dome consists of a mounting base, a housing and rotating eyeball assembly.

Mounting Base

The housing and eyeball assembly connects to the base using a twist and lock action, enabling it to be moved easily from one location to another. The base attaches directly to a hard or tile ceiling, or indirectly to walls or ceilings using one of many optional housings and mounting structures. As shown in Figure 2, two base types are offered: a standard base and a base with I/O board.

- **Standard Base.** With this base, video, data, and power cables are inserted through the base and attached to the top of the housing and eyeball assembly, which is then connected to the base. A lanyard connects between the base and the housing and eyeball assembly to prevent cables from being pulled during disassembly.
- **Base with I/O Board.** With this base, video, data, and power cables are pre-connected to an I/O PC board. A spring-finger connector on the board makes electrical contact with the housing and eyeball assembly as it connects to the base.

Housing and Eyeball Assembly

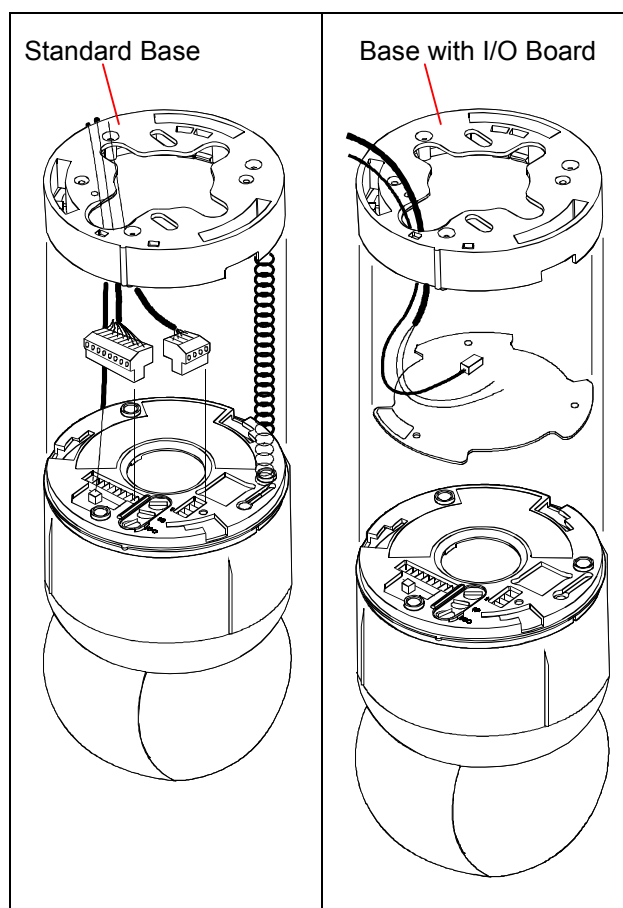
The housing and eyeball assembly consists of the following:

- **Housing.** The housing contains the dome's power supply, pan motor, and electronics used to operate the eyeball. The housing provides one alarm input and one alarm output using the standard base, or four alarm inputs and four alarm outputs using the base with I/O board.

- **Eyeball.** With a diameter of 120mm (4.75"), the eyeball contains a camera, tilt motor, and associated electronics. The eyeball enables the camera to pan and tilt to track a target moving in any direction even as it moves under the dome.

Two slot covers in the eyeball facilitate access to the camera, one of which incorporates an opening for the camera lens. Remove both covers to improve ventilation when the dome is to be used outdoors.

Figure 2. Mounting base and housing and eyeball assembly



Indoor Ceiling Mounting

Using hardware shipped with the base, the dome attaches directly to indoor ceilings made of sheet rock, wood, metal, or concrete (Figure 3), or to tile ceiling T-bars where they intersect (Figure 4).

Figure 3. Surface mounting to hard ceilings

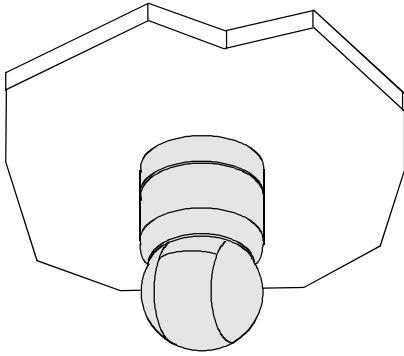
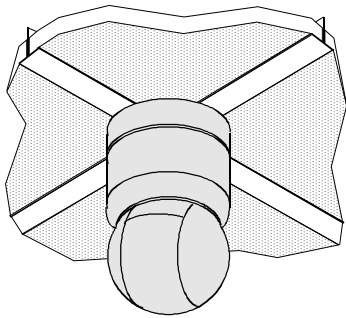


Figure 4. Surface mounting to tile ceilings



Indoor Ceiling/ Wall Mounting (Optional)

The camera dome attaches to one of the following optional indoor mounting structures (Figure 5).

Sheet Rock, Plaster or Wood Ceilings

RHIUTH	Top hat housing with trim ring This housing attaches to a ceiling or to most indoor mounting structures. A bubble and trim ring provide concealment. Optional bubbles: RUCLR (clear), RUSLV (silver), RUSMK (smoked), or RUGLD (gold). Plenum adapter RHPLA may be required to meet local fire codes.
RHIUHC	Hard ceiling bracket Enables top hat housing to be recessed in ceiling (requires top hat RHIUTH).
RHIUFB*	Fixed bracket Enables top hat housing to be recessed in ceiling (requires top hat RHIUTH).
RHIUPNDT†	Pendant mount Suspends dome from a hard ceiling.

Electrical Box in Ceiling

RHIU3X3†	3 X 3 mounting plate Attaches dome to a standard 3.5 x 3.5 duplex electrical box. CAUTION: Do not use the same electrical box used for line voltage mains.
RHIU4X4†	4 X 4 mounting plate Attaches dome to a standard 4 x 4 duplex electrical box. CAUTION: Do not use the same electrical box used for line voltage mains.

Structural I-Beams

RHIUIB†	I-beam mount Enables dome to suspend from an I-beam.
---------	---

Tile Ceilings

RHIUFB	Fixed bracket Enables top hat housing to be recessed in a 2x2 tile (requires top hat RHIUTH).
RHIUAB	Adjustable bracket Enables top hat housing to be recessed in a 2x4 tile (requires top hat RHIUTH).
RHIU2X2*	2 X 2 tile mount Enables top hat housing to be recessed in 2x2 openings (incorporates top hat housing).
RHIU2X2P*	2 X 2 tile pendant mount Enables dome to be suspended from 2x2 openings.

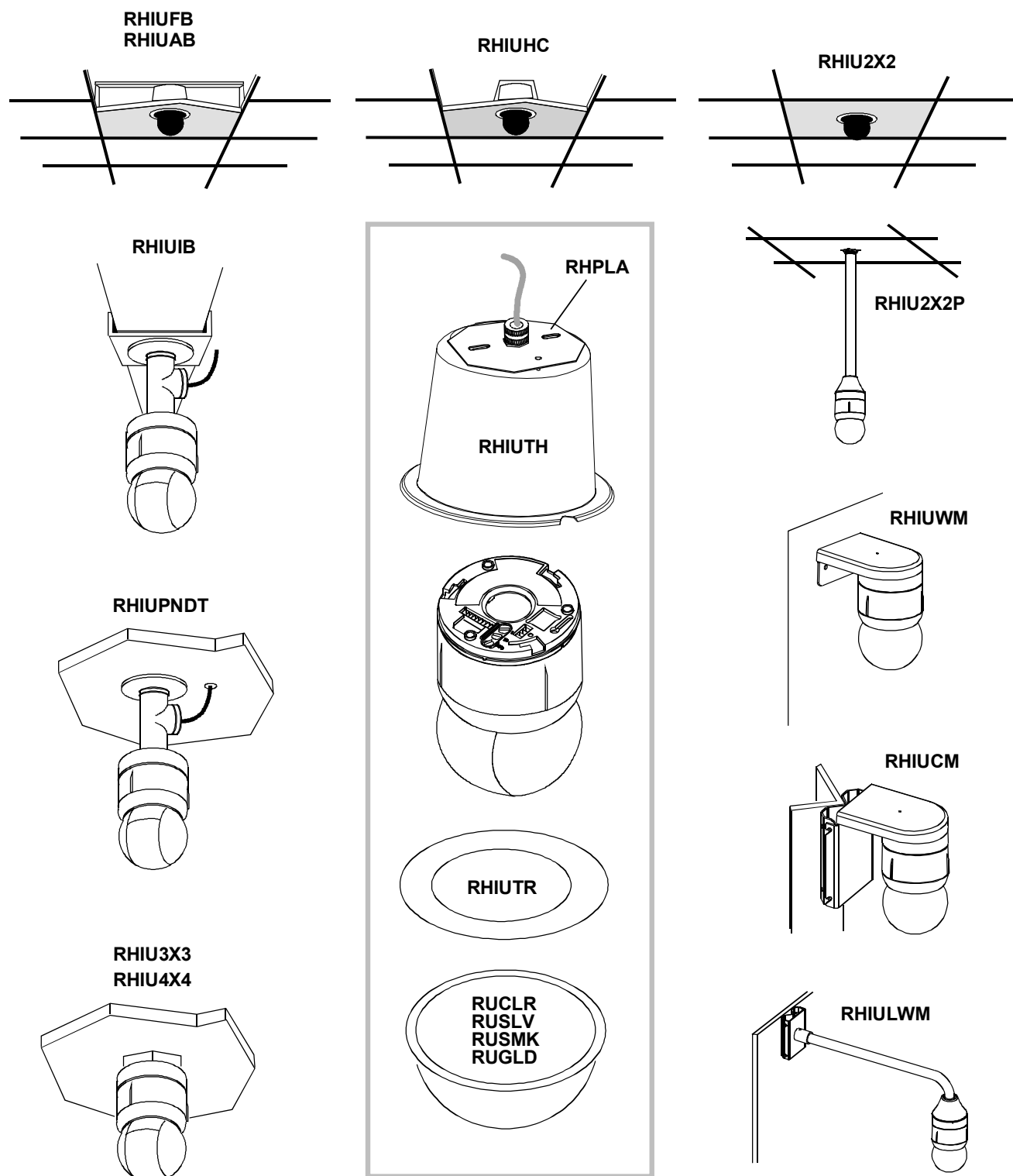
Wall Mounting

RHIUWM*	Wall mount Attaches dome to a flat vertical surface.
RHIUCM*	Wall mount with corner feature Attaches dome to attach to a wall, inside corner, or outside corner.
RHIULWM*†	Long 0.6m (24") wall mount Positions dome away from wall to enable it to see over furniture, shelving, and displays. This mounting structure attaches to the wall, inside corner, or outside corner.

* Option in white, but can be painted to match decor.

† Top hat housing/dome assembly also mounts to structure.

Figure 5. Indoor mounting structures (optional)



Outdoor Mounting (Optional)

Note: This document does not include outdoor installation and service instructions. For these instructions, see Installing the RHODUL Outdoor Housing, 8000-2573-04.

The camera dome attaches to outdoor walls and ceilings using an RHODUL outdoor housing (Figure 6) and one of the following optional mounting structures (Figure 8):

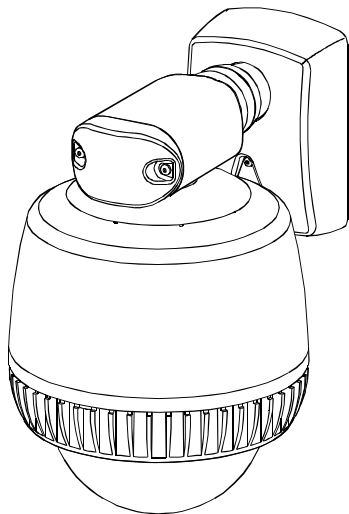
- RHOTR Over Roof Mount
- RHOTRF Over Roof Floor Mount
- RHOPN Pendant Mount
- RHOWPA Pole Mount
- RHOSW/RHOLW Wall Mount
- RHOWCA Corner Bracket
- ROENDC Adapter Pipe.

The outdoor housing contains a pre-installed mounting base, a cooling fan for hot weather, a heater for cool weather and to prevent icing, and surge protection circuitry to protect against lightning strikes.

An environmental PC board is used to pre-wire cables. A round spring-finger connector on the board makes electrical contact with the housing and eyeball assembly as it connects to the base.

Note: Do not use the I/O board (designed for indoor use) in place of the environmental board.

Figure 6. RHODUL outdoor housing (optional)



SpeedDome Housing Adapter Bracket (Optional)

An RHSDA adapter bracket (Figure 7) enables the dome to fit into SpeedDome indoor and outdoor housings. Locking pins in the bracket enable the dome to swing out for servicing or removal.

Figure 7. RHSDA adapter bracket (optional)

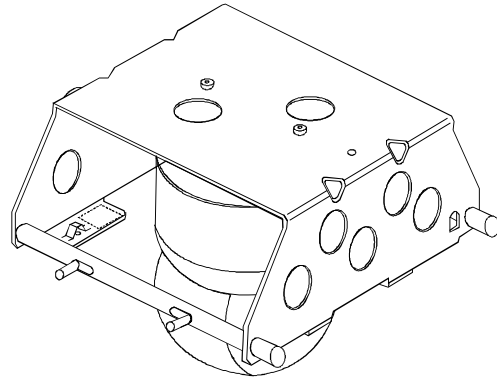
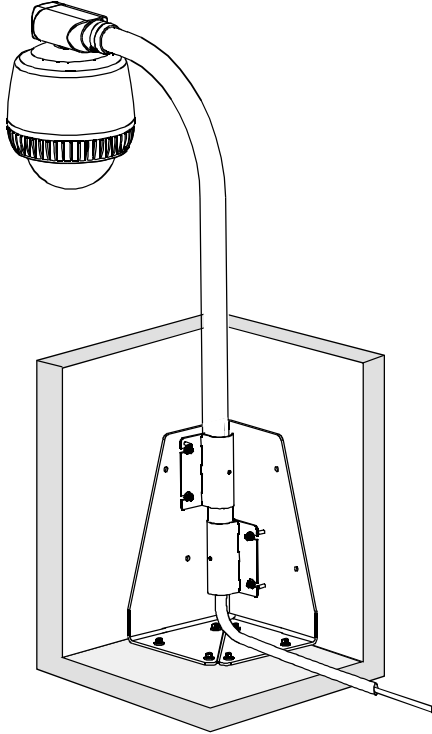
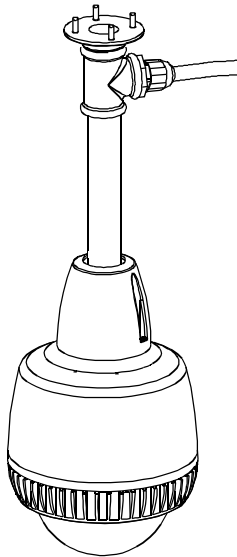


Figure 8. Outdoor mounting structures (optional)

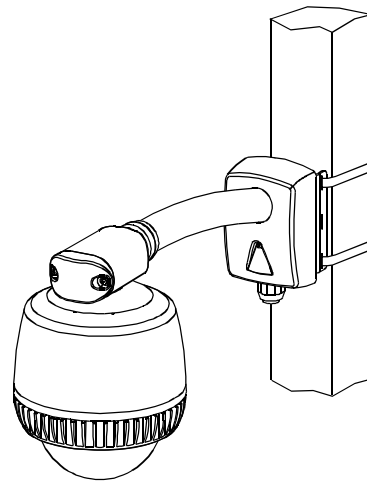
RHOTR over roof mount (shown with RHOTRF bracket)



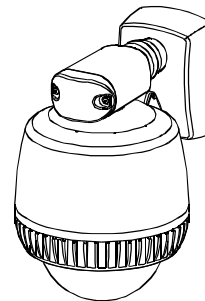
PHOPN pendant mount



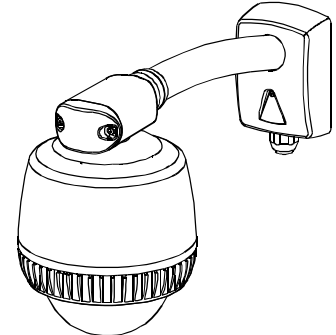
RHOWPA pole mount



RHOSW/RHOLW wall mount

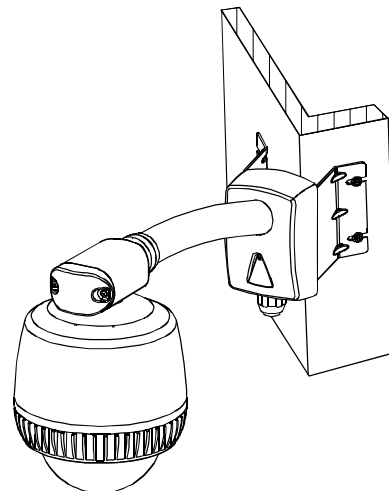


RHOSW



RHOLW

RHOWCA corner bracket (shown with RHOLW mount)



Cable Requirements

Data Cable

The table below shows requirements for SensorNet, RS422, and Manchester networks. For more information about communication protocols and cable networks, see Communication Protocols and Cable Networks, 8000-2573-19.

Data cable requirements

	SensorNet	RS422	Manchester
Cable type	1 unshielded, twisted pair*	2 shielded, twisted pair*	1 shielded twisted pair**
Wire gauge	22 AWG	22 AWG	18 AWG
Connection	Non-polarized	Polarized	Polarized
Max. devices on line	32	10	3

* Power, data, and video cables can be ordered separately or within a composite cable that can be ordered in various lengths. Plenum-rated cables must be used in indoor ceilings used for environmental air return (called "other air space" in the National Electrical Code). Order parts through your distribution network.

Note: If you order cable from an outside source, wire colors may be different.

** Belden 88760 (plenum), or Belden 8760 cable (non-plenum) cable is recommended. Plenum-rated cables must be used in indoor ceilings used for environmental air return (called "other air space" in the National Electrical Code). Order cable directly from Belden by calling 1-800-235-3361.

Power Cable

For the camera dome to operate properly, line voltage must not go below the worst-case low line voltage shown in the following table. Make cable lengths as short as possible to minimize affects of low line voltages. As shown in the table, maximum cable length depends on the Class 2 LPS (low voltage) ac source (such as a J-box) and the worst-case low line voltage. These lengths are for Sensormatic composite cables, which use 18 AWG ac power wires.

Note: Typically, distances are used that provide a 15% margin between nominal and low line conditions. For example, if the nominal voltage is 120Vac, restrict cable length to that associated with 100Vac (0.85 x 120).

Worst-case ac line voltages

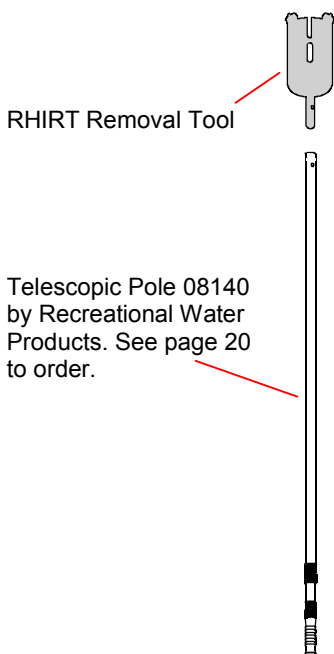
Indoor Dome AC Power Source	Worst-Case Low Line V	Meters (Feet)
28 VA Transformer 5604-0006-01	117	600 (180)
	100	430 (130)
	90	270 (80)
50 VA Transformer 5604-0044-01	117	600 (180)
	100	500 (150)
	90	300 (90)
1-position SensorNet RJ1SNUD	117	700 (210)
	100	430 (130)
	90	325 (100)
1-position SensorNet RJ1SNUD-1	117	700 (210)
	100	430 (130)
	90	325 (100)
6-position SensorNet Indoor J-Box RJ6SN	117	1000 (300)
	100	750 (230)
	90	530 (160)
	240	1000 (300)
	200	750 (230)
	180	530 (160)
10-Position RS422 Indoor 120V/60Hz J-Box RJ860AP	117	900 (275)
	100	650 (200)
	90	430 (130)
10-Position RS422 Indoor 240V/60Hz J-Box RJ860AP1	240	900 (275)
	200	650 (200)
	180	430 (130)
Universal Transformer 0300-0914-01	117	650 (200)
	100	430 (130)
	90	300 (90)
Universal Transformer 0300-0914-03	240	650 (200)
	200	430 (130)
	180	300 (90)

Install/Removal Tool for Base with I/O Board

The install/removal tool (Figure 9) enables you to connect or disconnect the housing and eyeball assembly from the base with I/O board, and to attach/detach skirts and bubbles to a top hat housing, without the need for a ladder. The tool attaches to a telescopic pole (purchased separately). See page 20.

CAUTION: Do not use this tool to connect the dome the standard base.

Figure 9. RHIRT indoor install/removal tool



Power-Up Routine

After power is connected to the dome, the dome performs the following homing routine.

1. After a few seconds, the camera lens tilts up into the housing and eyeball assembly.
2. The lens tilts downs until it looks at the floor.
3. Eyeball pans slowly.
4. Lens tilts up 90° (home position).

Once the lens is in its home position, you can then use the controller to call up the camera and control it.

Synchronizing Domes

To prevent picture rolling when switching from camera to camera, all domes can be synchronized to a 50Hz or 60Hz ac source. A V-phase adjustment at the control console enables the dome to sync to any line phase.

Diagnostic LEDs

If a standard base is used, LEDs in the housing and eyeball assembly enable you to check for power and data.

If a base with I/O board is used, LEDs on the underside of the mounting base enable you to check for power and data. If an RS422 network is used, other LEDs on the board indicate that wiring is correct, reversed, open, or grounded.

Warnings and Cautions

Please review the following warnings and cautions before you begin installation or service.

WARNINGS



WARNING!

ALWAYS USE:

- Proper safety equipment for the location and type of installation.
- Proper lift equipment to reach the installation.
- Safety features of the lift equipment.

BE SURE:

- Electrical power is not connected to the dome when connecting wires. Dome will move when power is applied.
- Electrical power is not connected to nearby fixtures that you might touch during installation.



WARNING!

DO NOT install this camera dome in hazardous areas where highly combustible or explosive products are stored or used.



WARNING!

This dome runs on 24Vac. DO NOT connect line voltage to this dome.

North America power requirements: In North America, this device is intended to be supplied from a Class 2 power supply. For outdoor installations, use Class 3 wiring techniques, liquid-tight conduit, or liquid-tight pipe.

This installation should be made by a qualified service person and should conform to all local codes.



WARNING!

EU power requirements: This product runs on 24Vac. In the EU, it is intended to be powered from a Limited Power Source. A limited power source is a certified source of SELV, and if inherently limited, with 8 amps maximum output current, and a maximum of 100VA available; or if not inherently limited, fused with a maximum value of 3.3 Amps, meeting section 2.11 of IEC950, and a maximum of 250VA available. The power supply can be obtained through Sensormatic or through another source where the provider can furnish the verification. This is required to assure electrical safety in the product.

Stromanforderungen in der EU: Dieses Produkt wird mit 24 V Wechselstrom betrieben. In der EU ist es für den Betrieb durch eine begrenzte Stromquelle vorgesehen. Eine begrenzte Stromquelle ist eine zertifizierte SELV-Quelle (Schutzkleinspannung), bei inhärenter Begrenzung mit einem maximalen Ausgangsstrom von 8 A und 100 VA maximaler Verfügbarkeit, bei nicht inhärenter Begrenzung mit einer maximalen Sicherung von 3,3 A gemäß Abschnitt 2.11 der IEC950 und 250 VA maximaler Verfügbarkeit. Das Netzteil kann über Sensormatic oder eine andere Quelle bezogen werden, wobei der Anbieter den Nachweis der Konformität bereitstellen sollte. Dies ist zur Gewährleistung der elektrischen Sicherheit des Produktes erforderlich.

CAUTIONS

- ❑ Do not run data and power cables adjacent to or in the same conduit as line voltage mains power.
- ❑ SensorNet 485 networks require 22 AWG unshielded cable. Do not exceed 32 devices per cable run.
- ❑ RS422 networks require 22 AWG shielded cable. Do not exceed 10 devices per cable run.
- ❑ Manchester networks require 18 AWG shielded cable. Do not exceed 3 devices per cable run.
- ❑ Always terminate the dome's CPU board (JW1), if the camera dome is connected at the end of a cable run or is connected to an I/O base.
- ❑ When using the standard base and wiring cables directly to the dome, ALWAYS connect the video cable to the dome before you connect the 9-pin cable (which contains power). If you connect the 9-pin cable first, you risk shorting delicate electronics near the connector.
- ❑ I/O PC board (when used).
 - If a cable clamp is on this board, remove it, as it could damage cable connectors in the housing during assembly.
 - Use a jeweler's 2.5mm (0.1") slotted screwdriver to tighten connector screws. Do not over tighten these screws.
 - Use the dust cover when shipping the I/O board back to the manufacturer. It will protect the spring-finger connector.
- ❑ When connecting the housing and eyeball assembly to an outdoor housing:
 - Remove both slot covers to keep the camera from overheating.
 - Keep cables entering the housing away from the heater assembly.
 - Place tubing around the BNC connectors to avoid shorting their metal surface to the outdoor housing.
 - Check heater fans. Both fans must be on to prevent overheating.

Note: For further information, see installation instructions shipped with the outdoor housing.

- ❑ If disassembling the dome:
 - Dome contains electrostatic-sensitive devices! Use a ground strap when handling PC boards.
 - Once disassembled, parts of housing and eyeball assembly are "extremely fragile" and may break. Proceed using extreme care!

Indoor Installation

This section explains how to connect the housing and eyeball assembly to a:

- Standard mounting base
- Mounting base with I/O board.

Items You Will Need

You should have on hand the following tools and parts:

- ❑ Install/Removal tool to attach and detach domes and bubbles without a ladder from mounting bases with I/O boards.
- ❑ Base kit:
 - RUIOB/RUWIOB (base with I/O board), or
 - RUPTB/RUWPTB (standard base).
- ❑ Housing and eyeball assembly, 0101-0041-XX. The -XX determines the type of camera used.
 - 01 = Color 22X NTSC (for dome with black finish)
 - 02 = Color 22X PAL (for dome with black finish)
 - 03 = BW 22X EIA (for dome with black finish)
 - 04 = BW 22X CCIR (for dome with black finish)
 - 05 = Color 22X NTSC (for dome with white finish)
 - 06 = Color 22X PAL (for dome with white finish)
 - 11 = Color 23X NTSC (for dome with black finish)
 - 12 = Color 23X PAL (for dome with black finish)
 - 15 = Color 23X NTSC (for dome with white finish)
 - 16 = Color 23X PAL (for dome with white finish)

Other Preparations

To ensure a smooth and successful installation, you must:

- Have electrical work comply with latest national electrical code, national fire code, and all applicable local codes and ordinances.
- Coordinate work with other trades to avoid interference.
- Verify existing site conditions and coordinate with the owner's representative and appropriate utilities as required.
- Obtain copies of all related plans, specifications, shop drawings and addenda to schedule and coordinate related work.
- Thoroughly review the project to ensure that all work meets or exceeds the above requirements. Bring alleged discrepancies to the attention of the CCTV Project Coordinator.

Connecting to the Standard Mounting Base

This procedure explains how to connect the housing and eyeball assembly to a standard base.



WARNING: Ensure that ac power and electrical signals are off during wire connections!

1. Set the dome address (Figure 10).

Recessed at the top of housing and eyeball assembly are three rotary address switches. Address range is from 001 to 255, except for Manchester, which is 01 to 64.

Set switches from most significant bit (MSB) to least significant bit (LSB). For example: For address 166, set SW3 to 1, SW2 to 6, and SW1 to 6.

If using the following protocols, special address settings are required:

Pelco Coaxitron Communications Protocol:

To set the camera dome for the Pelco Coaxitron communications protocol, set dome address switches to 893.

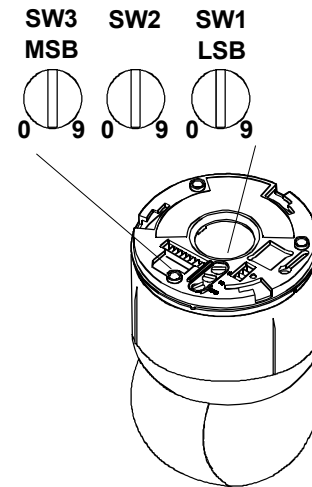
Panasonic UTC Communications Protocol:

To set the camera dome for the Panasonic UTC communications protocol, set dome address switches to 890.

Pelco P Communications Protocol: To set the camera dome for the Pelco P communications protocol, do one of the following:

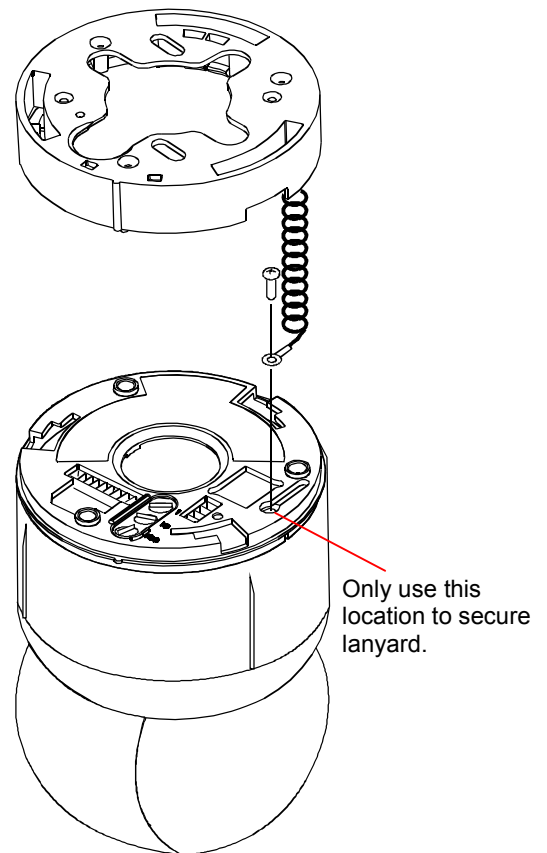
- For 2400 baud—Set the x100 dome address switch to 6. The x10 and x1 switches can be set to any camera address.
- For 4800 baud—Dome address switches are not used. Set the x100 to “0”. The x10 and x1 switches can be set to any camera address.
- For 9600 baud—Set the x100 dome address switch to 7. The x10 and x1 switches can be set to any camera address.

Figure 10. Setting address switches



2. Attach the safety lanyard to the cap on the housing and eyeball assembly (Figure 11). Use the M3 x 6 screw supplied with the lanyard.

Figure 11. Attaching safety lanyard



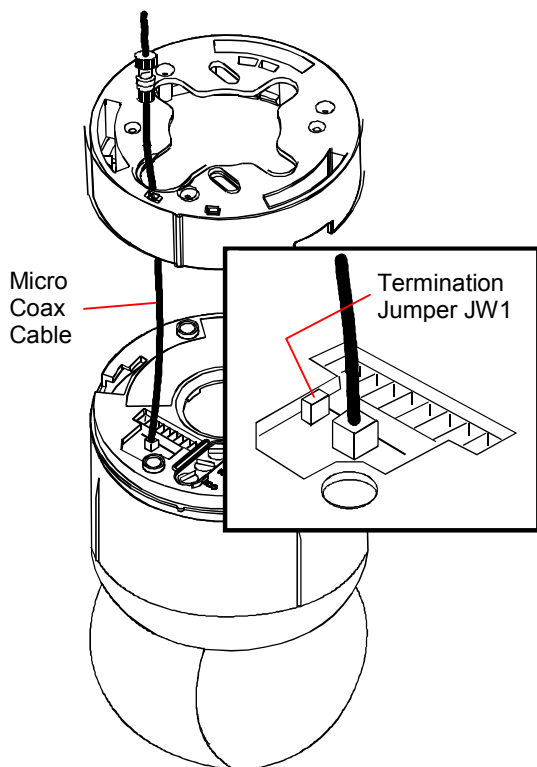
3. WITH POWER OFF, connect the video cable (Figure 12).
 - a. Connect BNC of video micro coax cable 6003-0170-01 to BNC of video cable.
 - b. Feed cable through access hole in base.
 - c. Press the micro coax connector into the mating receptacle in the top of the housing and eyeball assembly. A firm snap indicates a tight connection.
4. For the dome at the end of a daisy chain, set termination jumper JW1 on the dome CPU board (Figure 12) to "terminated".

Position of dome in communications line...	Setting	Pins
Between other devices	Unterminated	1-2*
End of communications line	Terminated	2-3

* Pins 1-2 are closest to 9-pin connector.

Note: You may need a small slotted screwdriver to gently pry the jumper loose. Be careful not to damage the underlying PC board.

Figure 12. Video cable connection and termination jumper location



5. Connect the 9-pin plug (data and power) to the 9-pin receptacle (Figure 13). If using a Pelco Coaxitron or Panasonic UTC protocol, no data wires are connected, just power.

CAUTION: DO NOT connect the 9-pin plug unless you have performed step 3 first!

- a. Feed cables through the access hole in the base.
- b. Connect data and power wires to the 9-pin plug (refer to charts below).
- c. Insert the plug into the mating receptacle in the top of housing and eyeball assembly.

Manchester data and power connections.
Order data cable 88760 (plenum) or 8760 (non-plenum) from Belden by calling 1-800-235-3361.

Pin	Color	Designation
1	White	Manchester (-)
2	Black	Manchester (+)
3	Black	24Vac
4	Red	Ground
5	White	24vac
6-9	—	Not used.

RS422/Pelco P data and power connections

Pin	Color	Designation
1-2	—	Not used.
3	Black	24Vac
4	Red	Ground
5	White	24Vac
6	Orange	RS422 Data In High (+)
7	Green	RS422 Data In Low (-)
8	Yellow	RS422 Data Out High (+)
9	Brown	RS422 Data Out Low (-)

SensorNet data and power connections

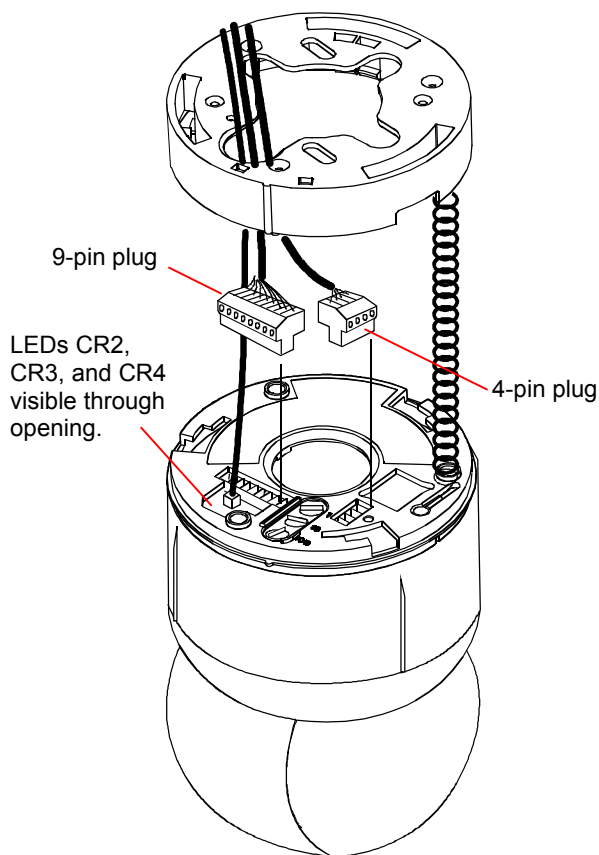
Pin	Color	Designation
1	Orange	SensorNet (unshielded)
2	Yellow	SensorNet (unshielded)
3	Black	24Vac
4	Red	Ground
5	White	24Vac
6-9	—	Not used.

6. Connect the 4-pin plug (alarm input/output) to the 4-pin receptacle (Figure 13).
 - a. Feed the cable through the access hole in the base.
 - b. Connect alarm wires to the 4-pin plug (refer to chart below).
 - c. Insert the plug into the mating receptacle in the top of the housing and eyeball assembly.

Alarm connections

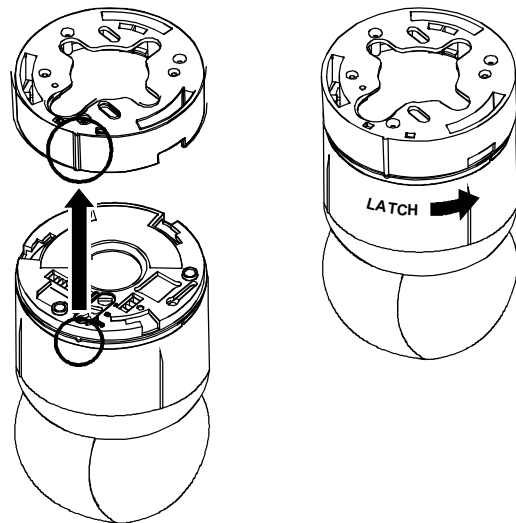
Pin	Color	Designation
1	—	+12Vdc
2	—	Alarm Out
3	—	Alarm In
4	—	Common

Figure 13. Cable connections (Manchester requires separate cables for data and power)



7. Connect the housing and eyeball assembly to the base (Figure 14).
 - a. Align the dimple on the cap of the dome with the rib on the mounting base.
 - b. Mate the housing and eyeball assembly to the base and turn it clockwise until you hear a click.

Figure 14. Connecting housing and eyeball assembly to base (cables and lanyard not shown)



8. Apply power and wait a few seconds for the dome to begin its homing routine. The homing routine indicates that address was placed into dome memory and that dome is ready for programming.

Note: If the homing routine does not occur or if the dome does not respond to commands, check the cable wiring by referring to the LED response tables in Appendix A.

Connecting to a Mounting Base with I/O Board

This procedure explains how to connect the housing and eyeball assembly to a mounting base with I/O board.



WARNING: Ensure that ac power and electrical signals are off during wire connections!

Referring to Figure 15:

CAUTION: Detach and discard cable clamp if I/O board has one. If not removed, clamp can damage 9-pin connector in housing and eyeball assembly when you attempt to connect it to base.

1. Set termination jumper JW1 on the dome CPU board to "terminated".

Position of dome in communications line...	Setting	Pins
Between other devices	Unterminated	1-2*
End of communications line	Terminated	2-3

* Pins 1-2 are closest to 9-pin connector.

Note: You may need a small slotted screwdriver to gently pry jumper loose. Be careful not to damage underlying PC board.

2. Connect video cable to BNC connector P8 on I/O board.
3. Connect Manchester, RS422, or SensorNet 485 data wires to connector P1. If using a Pelco Coaxitron or Panasonic UTC protocol, no data wires are connected, just power.

Manchester data connections. Order data cable 88760 (plenum) or 8760 (non-plenum) from Belden by calling 1-800-235-3361.

Pin	Color	Designation
1-4	—	Not used.
5	Black	Manchester (+)
6	White	Manchester (—)

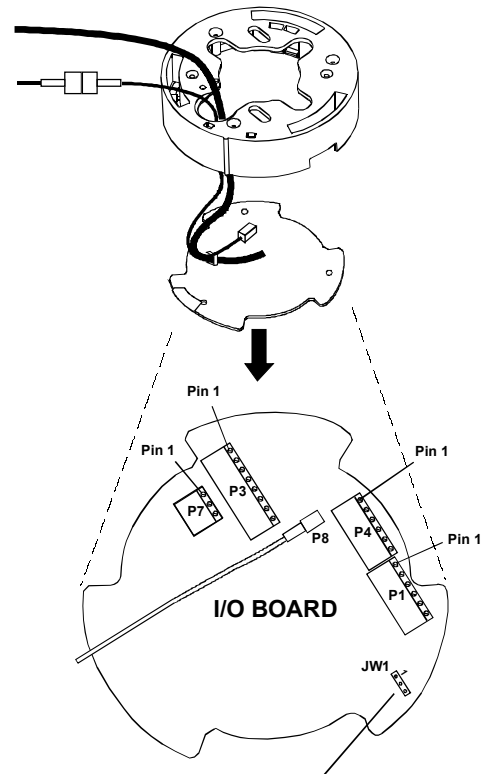
RS422 data connections

Pin	Color	Designation
1	Orange	RS422 Data In High (+)
2	Green	RS422 Data In Low (—)
3	Yellow	RS422 Data Out High (+)
4	Brown	RS422 Data Out Low (—)
5-6	—	Not used.

SensorNet data connections

Pin	Color	Designation
1-4	—	Not used.
5	Orange	SensorNet (unshielded)
6	Yellow	SensorNet (unshielded)

Figure 15. Electrical connections



JW1 Terminations

PINS	FUNCTION
1-2	Unterminated
2-3	Terminated

4. Connect the alarm output cable, if used, to the P3 connector.

Pin	Color	Designation
1	—	12Vdc (100mA max.)
2	—	12Vdc (100mA max.)
3	—	Output P0 (40mA sync. max.)
4	—	Output P1 (40mA sync. max.)
5	—	Output P2 (40mA sync. max.)
6	—	Output P3 (40mA sync. max.)
7	—	Ground
8	—	Ground

5. Connect the alarm input cable, if used, to the P4 connector.

Pin	Color	Designation
1	—	Alarm 3 input (3.5mA sink)
2	—	Alarm 2 input (3.5mA sink)
3	—	Alarm 1 input (3.5mA sink)
4	—	Alarm 0 input (3.5mA sink)
5	—	Ground
6	—	Ground

6. Connect power to P7 connector.

Pin	Color	Designation
1	Black	24 Vac
2	Red	Ground
3	White	24 Vac

7. Reattach the I/O board.

8. Connect power to the base.

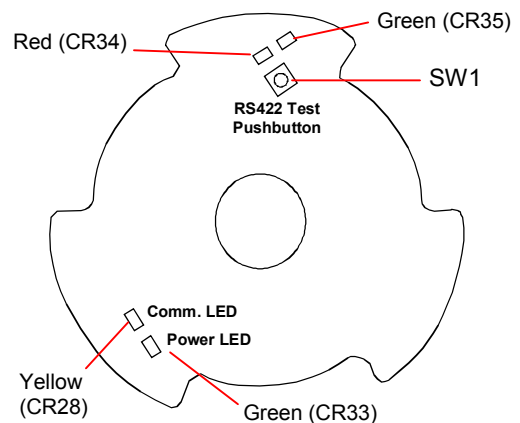
9. Check LEDs on the I/O board to verify power and data are reaching the dome (Figure 16).

- The green (ac power) LED glows steadily when ac power is applied.
- For Manchester or SensorNet:* The yellow (comm.) LED glows steadily (Manchester) or blinks (SensorNet). If this LED is off, then probably one or both communication wires are open or both are shorted together.

For RS422: Press and hold data test switch SW1 and observe nearby red (CR34) and green (CR35) LEDs; they indicate the following:

<i>Constant green, Blinking red</i>	RS422 line correctly wired.
<i>Constant green, No red</i>	RS422 "Data In -" shorted to ac ground.
<i>Constant red, Blinking green</i>	"Data In +/-" wires reversed.
<i>Blinking red, Green off</i>	"Data In +" shorted to ac ground.
<i>Both LEDs off</i>	"Data In +/-" wires shorted or open.

Figure 16. Test switch/LEDs on I/O board



10. Set the dome address (Figure 17).

Recessed at top of the housing and eyeball assembly are three rotary address switches. The address range is from 001 to 255, except for Manchester, which is 01 to 64.

Set switches from most significant bit (MSB) to least significant bit (LSB). For example: For address 166, set SW3 to 1, SW2 to 6, and SW1 to 6.

If using the following protocols, special address settings are required:

Pelco Coaxitron Communications Protocol:

To set the camera dome for the Pelco Coaxitron communications protocol, set dome address switches to 893.

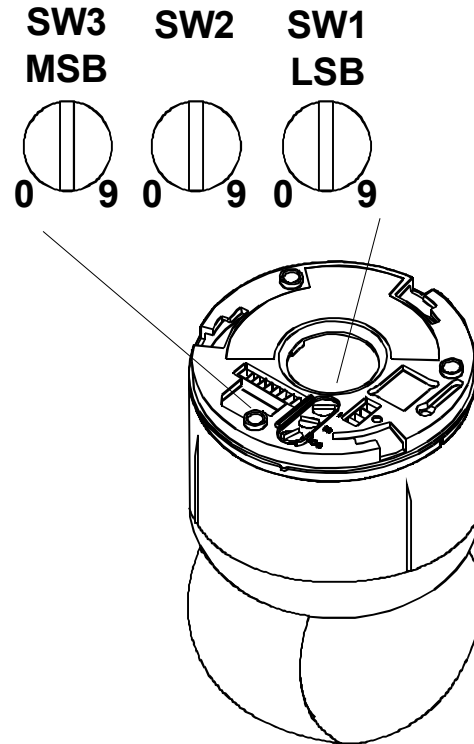
Panasonic UTC Communications Protocol:

To set the camera dome for the Panasonic UTC communications protocol, set dome address switches to 890.

Pelco P Communications Protocol: To set the camera dome for the Pelco P communications protocol, do one of the following:

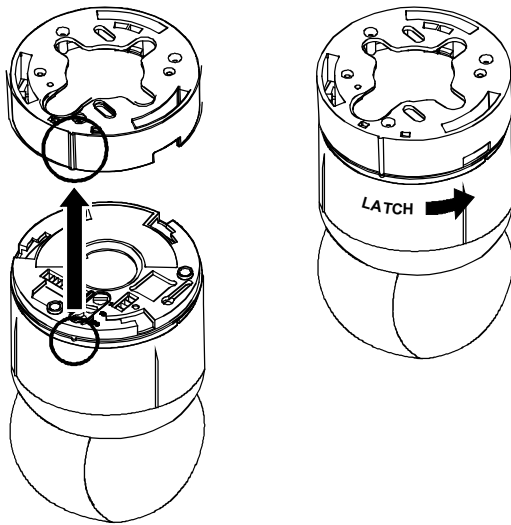
- For 2400 baud—Set the x100 dome address switch to 6. The x10 and x1 switches can be set to any camera address.
- For 4800 baud—Dome address switches are not used. Set the x100 to “0”. The x10 and x1 switches can be set to any camera address.
- For 9600 baud—Set the x100 dome address switch to 7. The x10 and x1 switches can be set to any camera address.

Figure 17. Setting address switches



11. Connect the housing and eyeball assembly to the base (Figure 18).
 - a. Align the dimple on the cap of the dome with the rib on the mounting base.
 - b. Mate the housing and eyeball assembly to the base and turn it clockwise until you hear a click.
12. Wait a few seconds for dome to begin its homing routine. The homing routine indicates that the address was placed into the dome memory and that the dome is ready for programming.

Figure 18. Connecting housing and eyeball assembly to base



Using the Install/Removal Tool

CAUTION: Do not use this tool to connect the dome to the standard base.

Used only when the dome is connected to a base having an I/O board, the RHIRT install/removal tool eliminates the need for a ladder during routine service. The tool can be used to:

- Detach skirt or bubble from housing, if used. The skirt or bubble remains attached to the housing during service.
- Connect/Disconnect dome from base with I/O board.
- Reattach skirt or bubble.

Telescopic Pole Required to Use Tool

The tool attaches to a telescopic pole similar to the type used to clean swimming pools. The pole should be 5 feet, 5 inches to 15 feet, 5 inches long and have a 1.170 -inch inside diameter to accept the 1.125 inch diameter stem of the tool. If this pole cannot be obtained locally, contact the following manufacturer:

Recreational Water Products
627 E. College Ave.
Decatur, GA 33030

Ask for product code 08140
UPC: 0-14746-58140-2

TO CONNECT DOME:

1. Insert dome "eyeball down" into tool's receptacle. Fins on dome mate with slots in tool. Use fins to properly align dimple at top of dome with label on tool.
2. Align label on tool with logo on I/O board in base. Push dome up into place.
3. Turn dome clockwise until it clicks.
4. If power is applied, dome should begin its "homing" routine.
5. Lower pole.

TO DISCONNECT DOME:

1. Raise pole and insert dome "eyeball down" into tool's receptacle.
2. Fins on dome mate with slots in tool.
3. Turn dome counterclockwise until it unlocks.
4. Lower pole "vertically" to prevent camera dome from falling out.

CAUTION: Turning pole horizontally as it is lowered can cause camera dome to fall out of tool and possibly break on floor.

5. Remove dome for service.

Procedure

Referring to Figure 19, maneuver the stem of the tool into the top of the pole until it snaps in place.

TO ATTACH SKIRT OR BUBBLE:

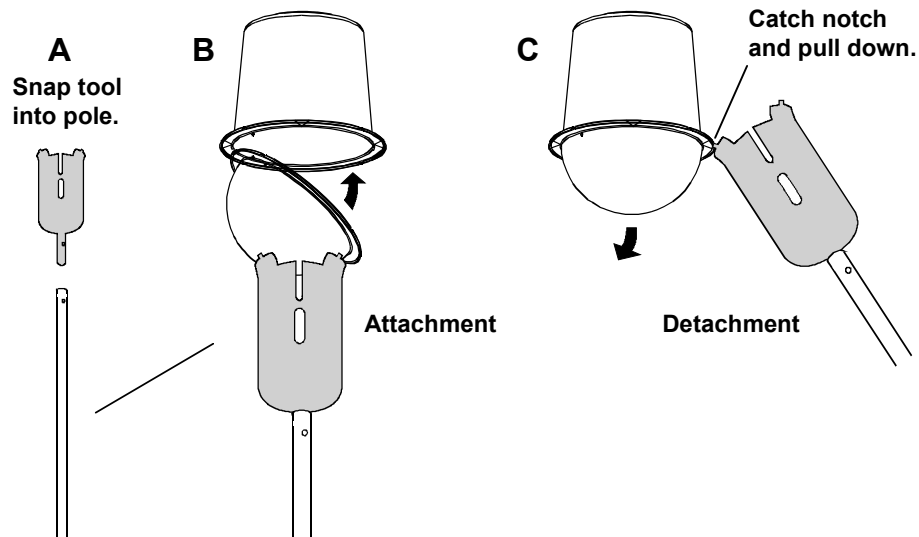
Use tool to push up on bubble and to secure it in place. Magnets secure the bubble. Lower pole.

TO DETACH SKIRT OR BUBBLE:

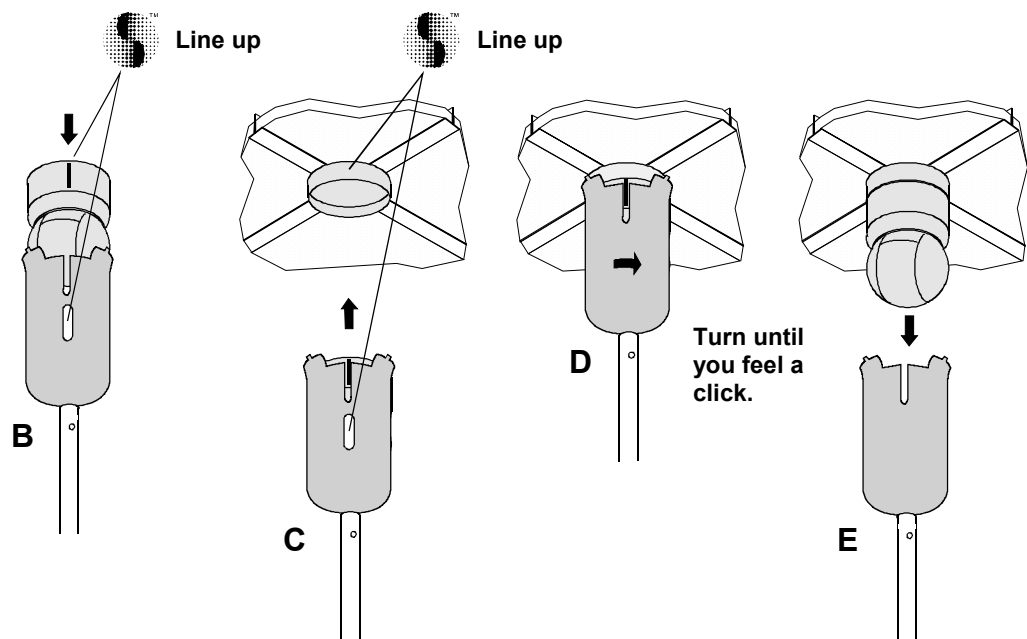
Lifting pole up at an angle, use one of the hooks on tool to catch one of the notches at side of dome and pull down. T-lanyard will prevent skirt or bubble from falling.

Figure 19. How to use the install/removal tool

Skirt or Bubble Attachment/Detachment



Dome Connection (reverse steps to disconnect)



Do not use this tool to connect the standard base!

Troubleshooting Indoor Domes

CAUTION: This troubleshooting section is for indoor camera domes only! To troubleshoot outdoor domes, see installation and service manual shipped with the outdoor housing.

This chapter contains information on:

- Routine troubleshooting
- Detailed troubleshooting
- Disassembling the dome.

IMPORTANT!

1. Try routine troubleshooting first! Use this procedure to isolate the problem without disassembling the housing and eyeball assembly (the base with the I/O board is field repairable).

CAUTION: DO NOT troubleshoot if the dome functions but does not pan or tilt (see step 2).

2. If you cannot isolate the problem, or the dome functions but does not pan or tilt, contact your sales representative for repair instructions.
3. If you have no choice but to repair the housing and eyeball assembly. Follow the detailed troubleshooting procedure, but use extreme care.

CAUTION: Once disassembled, parts of the housing and eyeball assembly are "extremely fragile" and may break. Proceed using extreme care!

Items You Will Need

You should have on hand the following items:

- Phillips-head screwdriver
- Small slotted screwdriver
- 2.5mm (0.1") slotted screwdriver (for wire connections). Wider blade widths can damage connectors.
- Socket wrench with 5" extension and 5.5mm, 6mm, 8mm, and 10mm sockets
- 14-18 AWG and 20-22 AWG wire strippers
- Install/Removal tool to connect/disconnect dome to indoor bases with I/O boards, and to attach/detach skirts and bubbles—without a ladder.

Routine Troubleshooting

Use this procedure if:

- Dome does not respond to commands
- Dome does not produce video
- Quality of the video is poor
- Dome has no lens control.

CAUTION:

- DO NOT use this procedure if the dome functions but does not pan or tilt (see step 2 on page 22).
- If an I/O board is used, use a ground strap when handling the board. When shipping a base having an I/O board, place the dust cover over the spring finger connector to protect it.
- DO NOT over tighten connector screws on the I/O board; they are delicate. Use a 2.5mm (0.1") slotted screwdriver. Wider blade widths can damage connectors.

Procedure

Follow steps until the problem is corrected.

1. Check video on monitor (a, b, or c).
 - a. No video? Go to step 2.
 - b. Contrast or color off?
YES Contact your sales representative for repair instructions.
NO Go to step 2.
 - c. Video rolls when switching between monitors?
YES Use the video controller or switcher to synchronize video vertical sync phases of all domes to ac line. For specific instructions, see installation and service manual for the controller or switcher.
NO Go to step 2.
2. Check ac power and video connections at J-box. Are 24Vac and/or video signal absent?
YES Correct problem at J-box.
NO Go to step 3.
3. Detach dome from base and examine address switches. Are they set correctly?
YES If dome still doesn't respond, contact your sales representative for repair instructions. If you must repair the dome, see "Detailed Troubleshooting", next.
NO Set correct address and reattach housing and eyeball assembly.

Steps 4-9 are only for bases with I/O boards!

If the mounting base DOES NOT contain an I/O board, stop here and contact your sales representative for repair instructions.

4. Isolate problem to housing and eyeball assembly or base by attaching dome to another base with I/O board. Does dome display video or respond to commands?

YES Problem is likely cable connections or I/O board if used. Go to step 5.

NO Contact your sales representative for repair instructions

5. Verify coaxial video cable is securely connected to coax of I/O board (Figure 20). Is cable disconnected?

YES Connect cable.

NO Go to step 6.

6. Observe green power LED on I/O board (Figure 21). Is green LED off or not on steady?

YES Verify 24Vac cable is properly attached. If OK, replace I/O board or contact your sales representative for repair instructions.

NO Go to step 7.

P7 Connector (AC in)

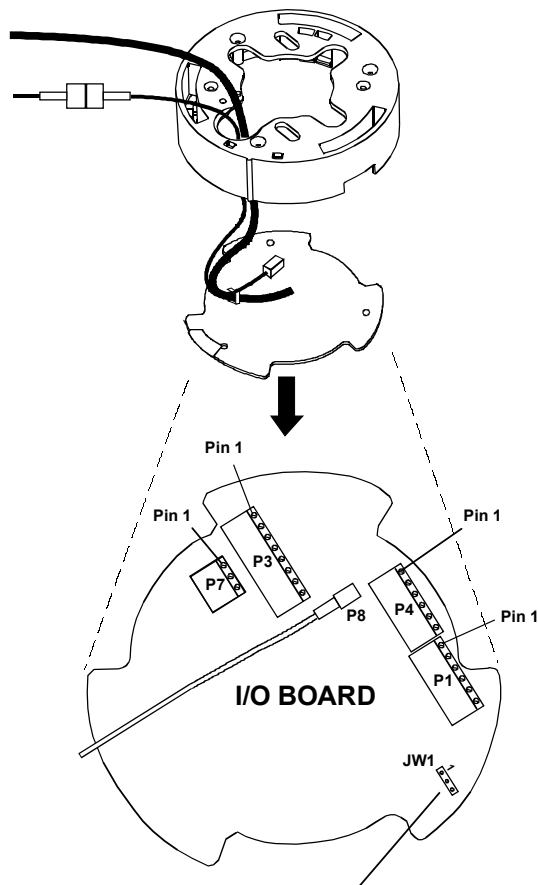
Pin	Color	Designation
1	Black	24 Vac
2	Red	Ground
3	White	24 Vac

7. Observe yellow comm. LED (CR28) on I/O board (Figure 21). Is the LED on or flashing?

YES Go to step 8.

NO Verify cable is properly attached by referring to table in step 9, page 17. If OK, replace I/O board or contact your sales representative for repair instructions.

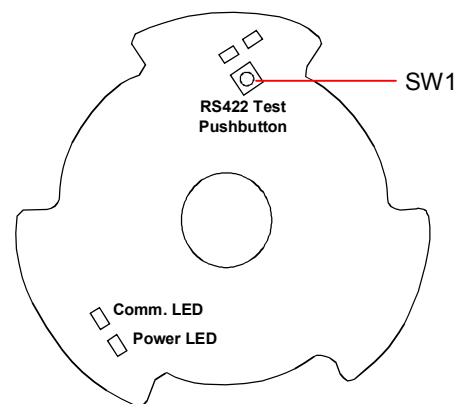
Figure 20. I/O board connector and jumper locations



JW1 Terminations

PINS	FUNCTION
1-2	Unterminated
2-3	Terminated

Figure 21. I/O board switch and LED locations



P1 connector (Manchester data)

Pin	Color	Designation
1-4		Not used.
5	Black	Manchester (+)
6	White	Manchester (–)

P1 connector (RS422 data)

Pin	Color	Designation
1	Orange	RS422 Data In High (+)
2	Green	RS422 Data In Low (–)
3	Yellow	RS422 Data Out High (+)
4	Brown	RS422 Data Out Low (–)
5-6	—	Not used.

P1 connector (SensorNet 485 data)

Pin	Color	Designation
1-4	—	Not used.
5	Orange	SensorNet 485
6	Yellow	SensorNet 485

8. If using RS422 network and an I/O board is used, check comm. line connections by pressing and holding data test switch SW1 (Figure 21) and observing nearby red (CR34) and green (CR35) LEDs. These LEDs indicate the following:

<i>Constant green, Blinking red</i>	Comm. line correctly wired.
<i>Constant green, No red</i>	"Data In –" shorted to ground.
<i>Constant red, Blinking green</i>	"Data In +/ –" wires reversed.
<i>Blinking red, Green off</i>	"Data In +" shorted to ground.
<i>Both LEDs off</i>	"Data In +/ –" wires shorted or open.

9. Check spring finger connector on I/O board by connecting housing and eyeball assembly to original base to verify contact between spring fingers and CPU board (under cap). Does dome produce video and respond to commands?

YES Spring fingers may not have seated properly. Reconnect housing and eyeball assembly.

NO Replace I/O board.

If routine troubleshooting did not solve the problem, the manufacturer strongly recommends you contact your sales representative for repair instructions.

If you must perform detailed troubleshooting, use extreme care when disassembling parts! See "Detailed Troubleshooting," next.

Detailed Troubleshooting

Use this procedure to determine if the problem is a simple cable connection or a major component.

To perform this procedure, you must open the housing and eyeball assembly. Refer to "Disassembling the Dome" on page 27.

CAUTION:

- DO NOT use this procedure if the dome functions but does not pan or tilt (see step 2 on page 22).
- If routine troubleshooting did not solve the problem, the manufacturer strongly recommends you contact your sales representative for repair instructions. If you must perform detailed troubleshooting, use extreme care when disassembling parts!
- When shipping a base with I/O board, place the dust cover over the spring fingers to protect them.
- Delicate connector screws on I/O board. DO NOT over tighten them! Use a 2.5mm (0.1") slotted screwdriver. Wider blade widths can damage connectors.
- Dome contains electrostatic-sensitive PC boards. Use a ground strap when handling boards.

Procedure

1. Match symptom to one of the following criteria:

- Dome functions but does not pan
- Dome functions but does not tilt
- Dome does not "home" or respond to commands even when attached to another dome's base and its address switches are set correctly (dead dome).

2. Choose a, b, or c to determine if problem is a cable connection or major component.

a. Dome functions but does not pan.

On CPU board, is pan motor ribbon cable attached to connector P4 and is metal side of its fingers towards contacts of connector?

YES Replace CPU board. If this doesn't work, replace pan motor.

NO Connect cable(s).

b. Dome functions but does not tilt.

On camera/lens board, is tilt motor cable attached to connector J3? Is slip ring cable attached to connector J2?

YES Replace camera/lens board. If this doesn't work, replace tilt motor.

NO Connect cable(s).

c. Dome does not "home" or respond to commands (dead dome).

On CPU board, is power supply cable attached to connector P3? Is slip ring cable attached to connector P2?

YES Replace CPU board. If this doesn't work, replace power supply board.

NO Connect cable(s).

Disassembling the Dome

CAUTION: Once disassembled, parts of dome housing and eyeball assembly are "extremely fragile" and may break. Proceed using extreme care!

This section explains how to remove the following parts from the camera dome.

- CPU board, page 27
- Power supply, page 28
- Pan motor, page 28
- Slot covers, page 29
- Camera, page 29
- Eyeball, page 30
- Camera/Lens board, page 30
- Tilt motor, page 31.

This section also explains how to update and reprogram dome software (Page 33).

To order parts (authorized users only), see page 34.

Tools Required

- Phillips-head screwdriver.
- Small slotted screwdriver.

Removing the CPU Board

CAUTION: Electrostatic-sensitive device. Use a ground strap when handling CPU board.

Referring to Figure 22.

1. Remove cap.

Remove three Phillips-head screws holding cap, then "gently" lift cap to one side.

2. Detach connectors.

On CPU board, detach 8-pin power supply cable from connector P1, pan motor cable from connector P8, and 14-pin slip ring cable from connector P2.

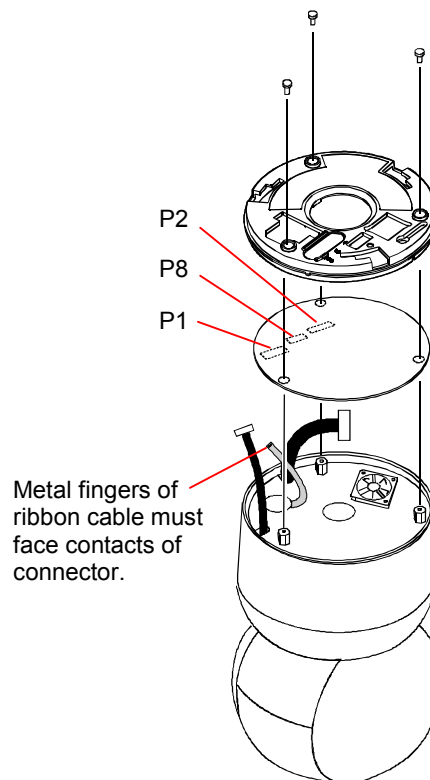
3. Remove CPU board.

Push your finger through large finger connector hole in cap to pop out CPU board.

4. Reverse steps to reassemble.

CAUTION: Do not to pinch wires! When inserting CPU board into housing, avoid pinching power supply cable wires against standoffs.

Figure 22. Removing the CPU board



Removing the P/S Board

CAUTION: Electrostatic-sensitive device. Use a ground strap when handling power supply board.

Referring to Figure 23.

1. Perform procedure "Removing the CPU Board" (page 27).
2. Remove metal shield.

Remove three standoffs holding metal shield, gently remove power supply cable grommet from shield, then "gently" lift shield out of housing.

CAUTION: Do not pull delicate cables attached to power supply board.

3. Detach fan motor cable.

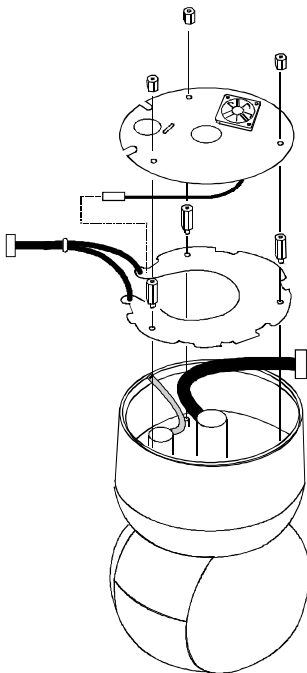
Cable connects to connector CN3 on power supply board.

4. Remove power supply board.

Remove three standoffs, then remove power supply board from housing.

5. Reverse steps to reassemble.

Figure 23. Removing the P/S board



Removing the Pan Motor

Referring to Figure 24.

1. Perform procedure "Removing the CPU Board" (page 27).
2. Perform procedure "Removing the P/S Board" (page 28).

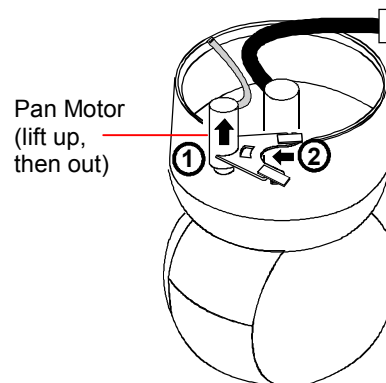
3. Remove pan motor.

Lift motor housing up as shown (1) to disengage motor from pan gear. Then pull motor bracket towards outside of housing (2) to remove.

4. Reverse steps to reassemble.

CAUTION: When putting in a new motor, be careful to properly mesh motor and pan gears! Failure to do so can destroy both motor and pan gear. Verify pan gear turns freely!

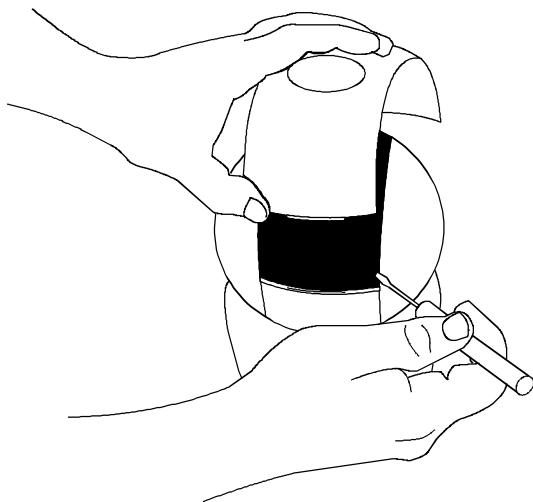
Figure 24. Removing the pan motor



Removing the Slot Covers

1. Gently swivel eyeball to totally expose one of two slot covers (Figure 25).
- CAUTION:** Swiveling fast can damage gears.
2. Insert small, thin-bladed screwdriver into space between cover and eyeball.
 3. Gently pry off slot cover.
 4. Gently swivel eyeball to totally expose remaining slot cover. With other cover removed, this cover can be easily removed.

Figure 25. Removing slot covers

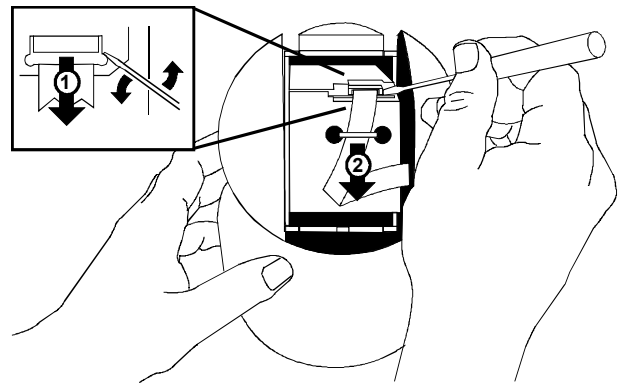


Removing the Camera

1. Perform procedure "Removing the Slot Covers" (page 29).
2. Remove ribbon cable from camera (Figure 26).

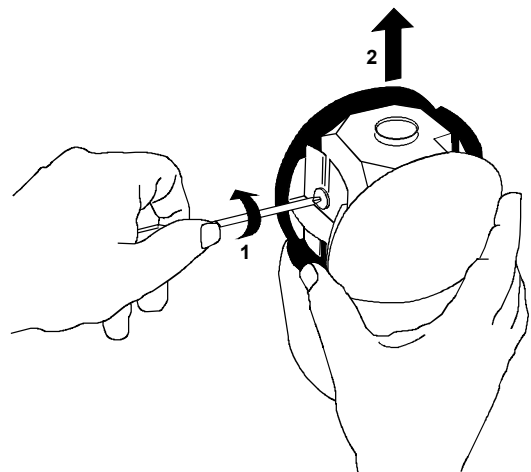
Swivel camera yoke to expose camera connector. Then, using a small slotted screwdriver, 1) gently pry camera connector loose from camera, and 2) pull it down through cable tie wrap.

Figure 26. Removing the ribbon cable



3. Remove camera (Figure 27).
- 1) Loosen the screw holding the camera tripod mount, then 2) carefully lift the camera out.

Figure 27. Removing the camera

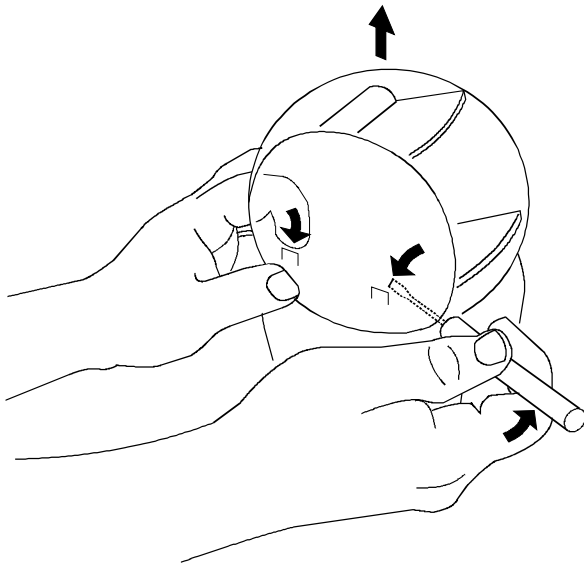


Reverse steps to reassemble. Ensure ribbon cable pins are inserted "face down".

Detaching the Eyeball

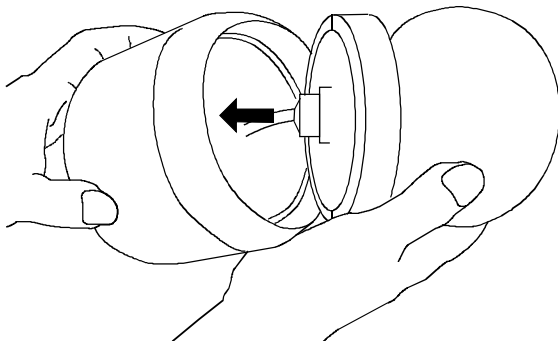
1. Perform procedure "Removing the Slot Covers" (page 29).
2. Perform procedure "Removing the Camera" (this page).
3. Detach eyeball from housing (Figure 28).
 - a. Turn yoke to access tabs. One tab is more accessible than the other. Use your finger to press this tab while, simultaneously, using a small slotted screwdriver to press the other.
 - b. While pressing tabs, push up on eyeball to detach it.

Figure 28. Loosening the eyeball



4. Detach slip ring connector (Figure 29).

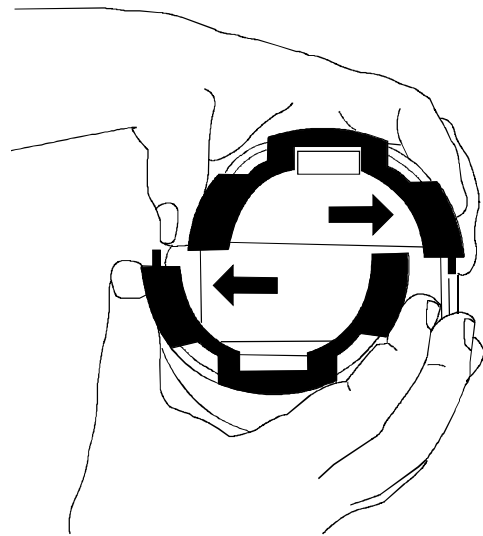
Figure 29. Detaching the eyeball



Removing the Camera/Lens Board

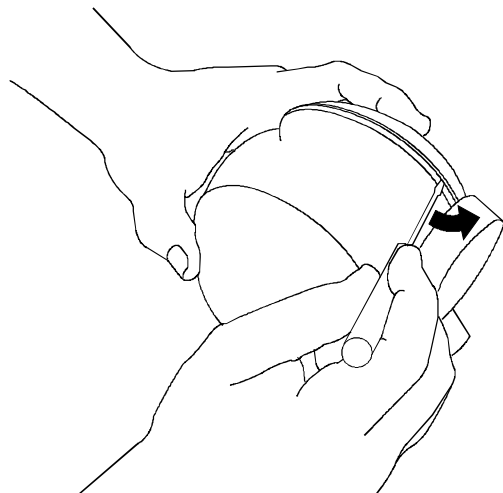
1. Perform procedure "Removing the Slot Covers" (page 29).
2. Perform procedure "Removing the Camera" (page 29).
3. Perform procedure "Detaching the Eyeball" (page 30).
4. Separate yoke brackets (Figure 30).

Figure 30. Separating the yoke brackets



5. Gently pry off yoke bracket covering camera/lens board to access bearing assembly (Figure 31).

Figure 31. Removing the yoke brackets



The following steps refer to Figure 32.

6. Access camera/lens board.

To do this, loosen captive retaining screw holding bearing assembly in place and remove this assembly.

7. Remove cables from camera/lens board.

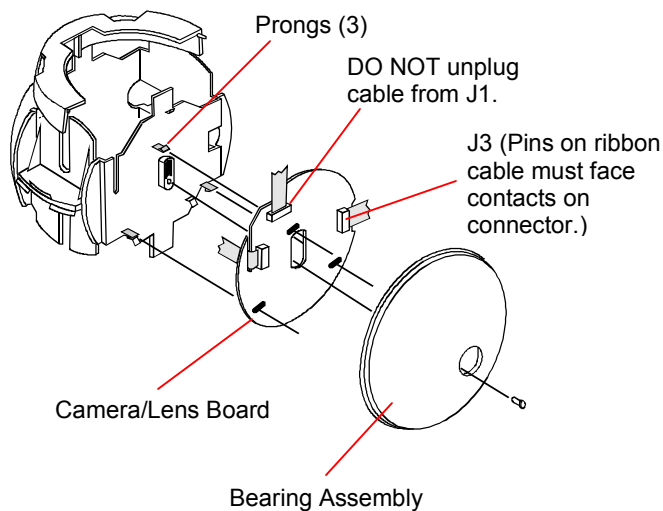
- a. Small amber ribbon cable is from tilt motor. Unplug this cable from connector J3 on camera/lens board.
- b. Large gray ribbon cable is from slip ring connector. Unplug this cable from connector J2 on camera/lens board.

DO NOT unplug small white ribbon cable from connector J1.

8. Push out on three prongs to detach camera/lens board.

9. Reverse steps to reassemble.

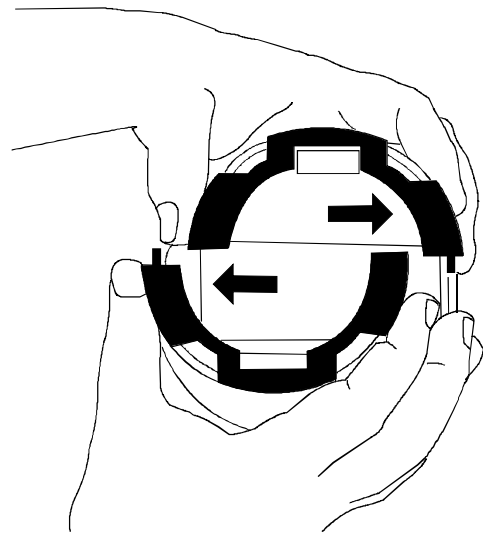
Figure 32. Removing the camera/lens board



Removing the Tilt Motor

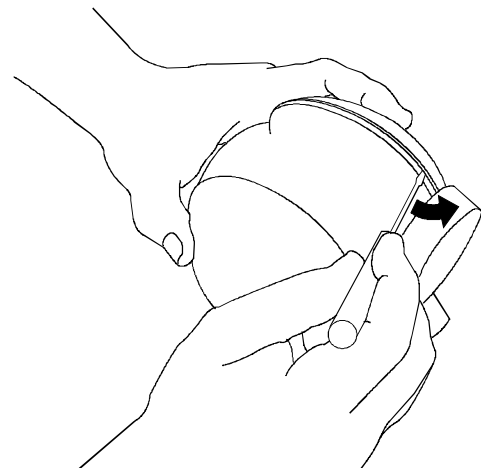
1. Perform procedure "Removing the Slot Covers" (page 29).
2. Perform procedure "Removing the Camera" (page 29).
3. Perform procedure "Detaching the Eyeball" (page 30).
4. Separate yoke brackets (Figure 33).

Figure 33. Separating the yoke brackets



5. Gently pry off yoke bracket covering pan gear assembly to access tilt cable assembly (Figure 34).

Figure 34. Removing the yoke brackets



6. Access tilt motor.

To do this, loosen captive retaining screw holding tilt cable assembly in place and gently remove this assembly.

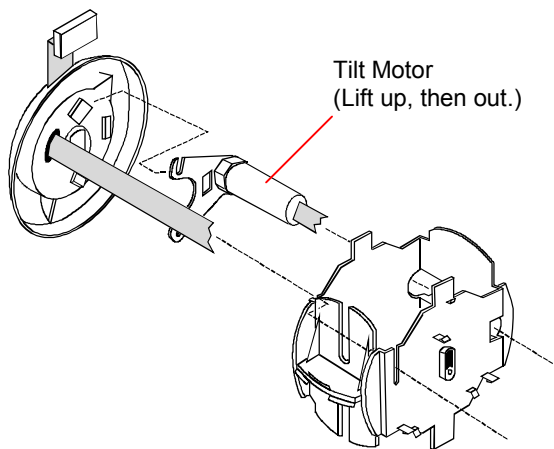
7. Remove tilt motor (Figure 35).

Lift motor housing up as shown to disengage motor from tilt gear. Then pull motor bracket towards outside of cable/tilt assembly to remove motor.

8. Reverse steps to reassemble.

CAUTION: When installing a new motor, be careful to properly mesh motor and tilt gears! Failure to do so can destroy both motor and tilt gear. Verify tilt gear turns freely!

Figure 35. Removing the tilt motor



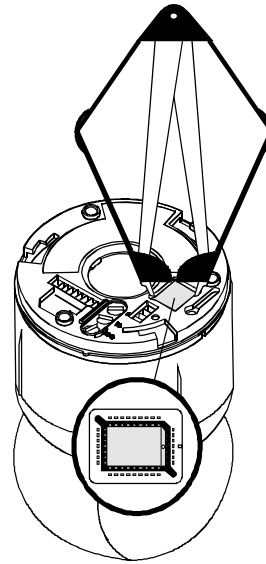
Updating/Reprogramming Dome Software

CAUTION: This procedure involves extracting a flash memory chip, an electrostatic-sensitive device. Use a ground strap when handling the chip.

To update or reprogram dome software:

1. Insert the chip extractor tool into the square access hole and squeeze the tool to extract the flash memory chip (Figure 36).
2. Reprogram the chip or replace it with a new one.
3. Align the dot on the chip with the indent on the socket, then push down on the chip to reinsert it.

Figure 36. Removing the flash memory chip



Parts List for Authorized Users

The following parts can only be ordered by authorized users. To become authorized, contact your sales representative. Parts in the tables below are shown in Figure 37.

Parts lists

Standard Base Assembly

1	Mounting Base	0400-1146-01/-02
2	Video Cable Adapter, BNC to Micro	6003-0131-01
3	Plug, 4-Pin	2109-0572-04
4	Plug, 9-Pin	2109-0572-09
5	Lanyard	0500-8019-01
6	Screw, PH, M3 (Qty. 6)	5801-1051-120
7	Washer, Ext. Tooth, M3	5851-0200-041
8	Clip, Lanyard	0500-8046-01

Base Assembly with I/O Board

9	Mounting Base	0500-7257-02/-03
10	Ground Clip	0500-7293-01
11	I/O Board	0301-0546-01
12	Dust Cover	3100-0066-01

Housing Assembly

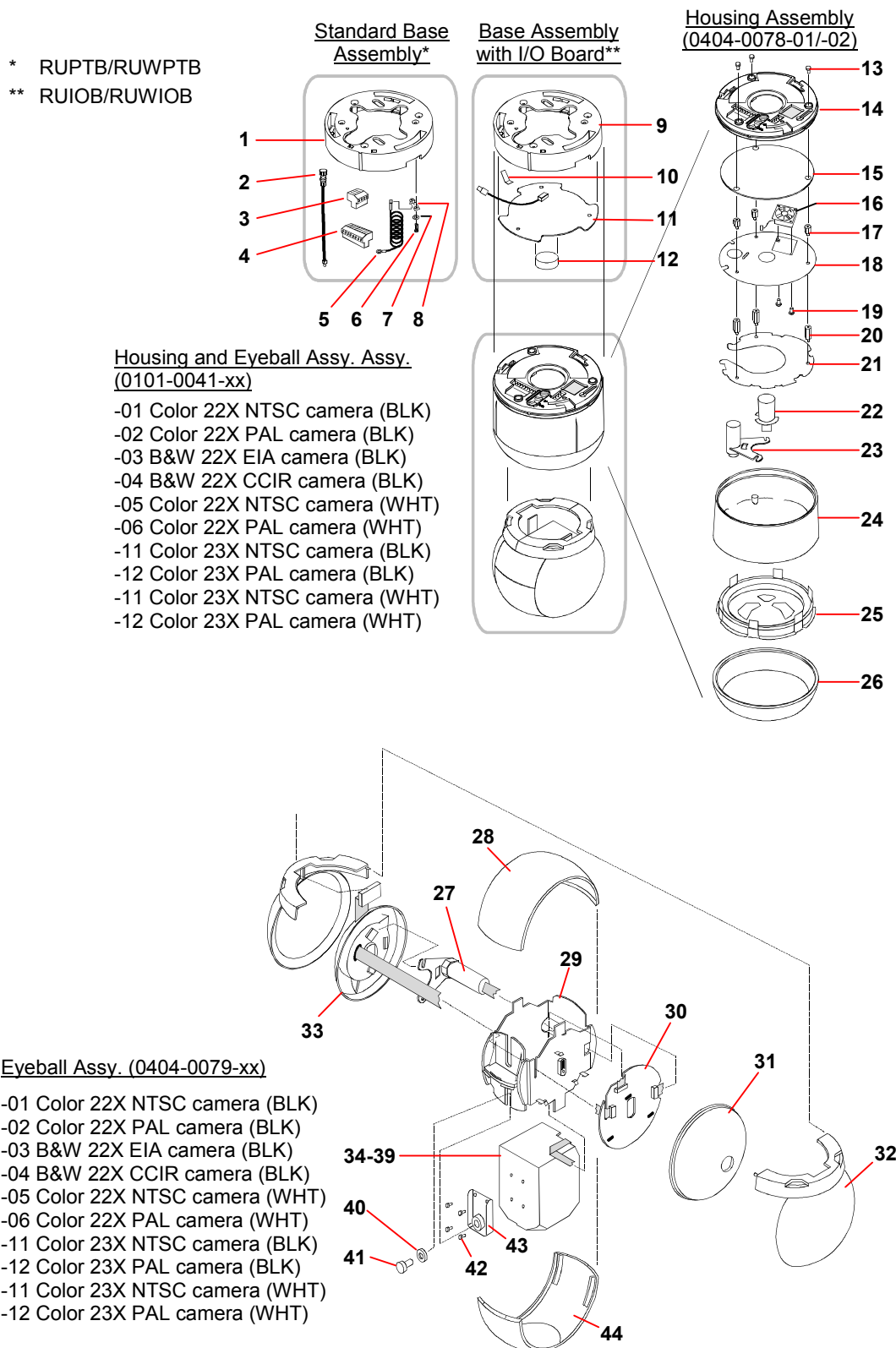
13	Screws, M3x8 PHP (Qty. 3)	5801-1071-111
14	Cap	0500-8021-02/-03
15	CPU PC Board	0301-1548-02
16	Fan Cable Assy.	0650-2001-01
17	Standoff, M3x8Hx13L (Qty. 3)	5899-0055-01
18	Fan Plate	0500-9850-01
19	Screw, Thdcut, M3.5 (Qty. 2)	5899-0008-01
20	Standoff, M3x6Hx19L (Qty. 3)	5887-1122-020
21	Power Supply PC Board	5606-0015-01
22	Slip Ring Assy.	2100-0005-01
23	Pan Motor	3501-0017-01
24	Housing	0500-7255-02/-03
25	Bearing Assy., Pan Gear	2510-0040-01
26	Skirt	0500-6710-01

Eyeball Assembly

27	Tilt Motor	3501-0018-01
28	Slot Cover (No Lens)*	0500-8037-01/-02
29	Yoke, Camera	0500-7258-01
30	Camera/Lens PC Board	0301-0953-01
31	Bearing Assy., Lens Carriage	2510-0038-01
32	Yoke Bracket (Qty. 2)	0500-8038-01/-02
33	Cable Assy., Tilt	0650-1680-01
34	Camera, Color, 22x, NTSC	2003-0037-31
35	Camera, Color, 22x, PAL	2003-0037-32
36	Camera, B&W, 22x, EIA	2003-0037-33
37	Camera, B&W, 22x, CCIR	2003-0037-34
38	Camera, Color, 23x, NTSC	2003-0046-01
39	Camera, Color, 23x, PAL	2003-0046-02
40	Washer, Flat	2848-8100-08
41	Screw, 1/4-20 x 3/8	2802-7407-65
42	Screws, M2x3 (Qty. 4)	5801-0011-120
43	Tripod Mount	0500-6712-01
44	Slot Cover with Lens*	0400-1178-01/-02

* Items 28 and 44 are supplied with the final assembly, not the eyeball assembly.

Figure 37. Base, housing, and eyeball assembly



Specifications-Indoor Dome

Operational

Pan/Tilt:

Manual Pan Speed	0.2°-100° per second (scaled to zoom position)
Manual Tilt Speed	0.25°-100° per second (scaled to zoom position)
Preset Pan/Tilt Speed	220° per second maximum
Pan Travel	360° continuous rotation
Tilt Travel	>90°
Pan/Tilt Accuracy	±0.5°

22X Camera Zoom Functions:

Optical Zoom	22X
Digital Zoom	11X
Zoom Pause	22X selectable or 33X default
Total Zoom	242X
Zoom Stop	44X, 66X, 88X (default), 110X, 132X, 154X, 176X, 198X, 220X, 242X
Zoom/Focus Accuracy	±0.5%

Auto Synchronization:

Line Locked	Remote V-phase adjustment
Internal	Built-in sync generator

Address Range 1-255

Number of Presets:

VM16 / ADTT16	96 with SensorNet 485
VM32 / AD32	96 with SensorNet 485
AD2150	64 with Manchester 16 with RS422*
VM96	Virtual with RS422 or SensorNet 485
VM168 / AD168	64 with Manchester, RS422, or SensorNet 16 with RS422*
AD2050	64 with Manchester 16 with RS422*

Quick View™ Access Time <1 second to position.
Full zoom in <4 seconds.
Focus on VM16, VM32
and VideoManager
systems is <1 second.
Focus on VM96 and
RV2715 systems is <7
seconds

Programmable Patterns 3

Program Storage 256 Kbytes of Flash
memory

Data Storage 128 Kbytes of SRAM

Menu Languages English, French, German,
Spanish, Italian, and
Portuguese

* Using AD2083-02A

Electrical

Input Voltage 24-30Vac, 50/60 Hz
UL Class 2 LPS

Design Tolerance 16-36Vac, 50/60 Hz

Power Consumption 16W max.

Current 0.85A max.

Allowable Drop Out 100ms

Power On In-Rush Current ... 1.5A

Surge Protection:

Video Output Low capacitance Zener
suppressor 6.5V, 1500W

Power Line TVS rated at 60V, 1.5
joules, 250A 8/20µs
impulse

RS422 TVS rated at 9.8V/1A,
20V/25A, 500W, 8/20µs
impulse

Manchester/
SensorNet 485 Gas discharge tube rated
at: 8/20µs impulse
discharge current of 10kA,
ten 8/20µs impulse
discharge current of 5kA
Isolation transformer
coupled 2000Vrms.
PTC fuse protects
transformer. TVS rated at
9.8V/1A, 20V/25A, 500W,
8/20µs impulse

Alarm Input TVS rated at 9.8V/1A,
20V/25A, 500W, 8/20µs
impulse

Alarms Inputs/Control Outputs:

When no I/O board is used:

Inputs 1 dry contact/3.5mA sink
Outputs 1 open collector driver
@ 12Vdc, 40mA

When I/O board is used:

Inputs 4 dry contacts/3.5mA sink
Outputs 4 open collector drivers
@ 12Vdc, 40mA

Environmental

Operating Temperature.....-10° to 50°C (14° to 122°F)
Relative Humidity0 to 95% non-condensing
Storage Temperature..... -20°C to 65°C
(-4°F to 149°F)

Mechanical

Height.....20.8cm (8")
Eyeball Diameter.....12cm (4.7")
Weight:.....
Housing and Eyeball1.36kg (3 lbs.)
Base (standard).....0.09kg (0.20 lbs.)
Base (with I/O board)0.16kg (0.35 lbs.)

Lens and Bubble Densities

Eyeball Lensf0
Bubbles:
RUCLR (Clear)f0
RUSLV (Silver)f1.5 to f2
RUSMK (Smoke)f0.5
RUGLD (Gold)f1.5 to f2

Specifications-22X Camera

Type Interline transfer
1/4" CCD array
Scanning Area 3.2 (H) x 2.4 (V) mm
Scanning System 2:1 interlace
Video Out 1.0 Vp-p/75 ohms composite
Signal-to-Noise 50 dB (typical)

Color Camera Only

Horizontal Resolution 470 lines at center
Minimum Illumination 0.3 lux (AGC On, 20 IRE)
0.02 lux with 1/4 s open
shutter
White Balance Through-the-Lens (TTL)
Automatic Tracing White
balance (ATW)

NTSC:

Effective Pixels 768 (H) x 494 (V) pixels
Scanning 525 lines, 60 fields, 30
frames
Horizontal 15.734kHz
Vertical 59.9Hz

PAL:

Effective Pixels 752 (H) x 582 (V) pixels
Scanning 625 lines, 50 fields,
25 frames
Horizontal 15.625kHz
Vertical 50Hz

Monochrome Camera Only

Horizontal Resolution 500 lines at center
Minimum Illumination 0.008 lux (AGC On, 20 IRE)
0.004 lux with 1/4 s open
shutter
White Balance Through-the-Lens (TTL)
Automatic Tracing White
balance (ATW)

EIA:

Effective Pixels 768 (H) x 494 (V) pixels
Scanning 525 lines, 60 fields,
30 frames
Horizontal 15.734kHz
Vertical 59.9Hz

CCIR:

Effective Pixels 752 (H) x 582 (V) pixels
Scanning 625 lines, 50 fields,
25 frames
Horizontal 15.625kHz
Vertical 50Hz

Lens Design

Type Aspherical
Focal Length..... 4 to 88mm
Aperture..... f1.6 (wide angle)
f3.8 (telephoto)
Viewing Angle (equivalent to 8-80 mm on 1/2" CCD
array, or 11-110 mm on 2/3" CCD array):
4mm 47.0°(H) x 35.2°(V)
88mm 2.2°(H) x 1.6°(V)

Specifications-23X Camera

Type	Interline transfer 1/4" CCD array
Scanning Area	3.2 (H) x 2.4 (V) mm
Scanning System	2:1 interlace
Video Out	1.0 Vp-p/75 ohms composite
Signal-to-Noise	50 dB (typical)
Horizontal Resolution	470 lines at center
Minimum Illumination	0.5 lux (AGC On, 20 IRE) 0.03 lux with 1/4 s open shutter 0.01 lux in IR mode 0.009 lux in IR mode with 1/4 s open shutter
White Balance	Through-the-Lens (TTL) Automatic Tracing White balance (ATW)
NTSC:	
Effective Pixels	724 (H) x 494 (V) pixels
Scanning	525 lines, 60 fields, 30 frames
Horizontal	15.734kHz
Vertical	59.9Hz
PAL:	
Effective Pixels	724 (H) x 582 (V) pixels
Scanning	625 lines, 50 fields, 25 frames
Horizontal	15.625kHz
Vertical	50Hz

Lens Design

Type	Aspherical
Focal Length	3.6 to 82.8mm
Aperture	f1.6 (wide angle) f3.7 (telephoto)
Viewing Angle (equivalent to 8-80 mm on 1/2" CCD array, or 11-110 mm on 2/3" CCD array):	
3.6mm	54.0°(H) x 40.5°(V)
82.8mm	2.5°(H) x 1.9°(V)

Field-of-View Formulas:

$$\frac{3.2\text{mm}^* \times \text{distance from camera (m)}}{\text{Focal length (mm)}} = \text{Horizontal view (m)}$$

$$\frac{2.4\text{mm}^{**} \times \text{distance from camera (m)}}{\text{Focal length (mm)}} = \text{Vertical view (m)}$$

* Horizontal scanning area of pickup device (mm) in camera.

** Vertical scanning area of pickup device (mm) in camera.

Example: Wide angle view with lens at 6mm and viewed object at 10m.

$$\frac{3.2\text{mm} \times 10\text{m}}{6\text{mm}} = 5.33\text{m Horizontal view (m)}$$

$$\frac{2.4\text{mm} \times 10\text{m}}{6\text{mm}} = 4.0\text{m Vertical view (m)}$$

Declarations

Regulatory Compliance

Emissions.....	47 CFR, Part 15, Class A ICES-003 Class A EN55022 Class A EN61000-3-2 EN61000-3-3
Immunity	EN50130-4
Safety.....	UL1950 CSA C22.2 No. 950 EN60950 IEC 60950

FCC COMPLIANCE: This equipment complies with Part 15 of the FCC rules for intentional radiators and Class A digital devices when installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual. Following these rules provides reasonable protection against harmful interference from equipment operated in a commercial area. This equipment should not be installed in a residential area as it can radiate radio frequency energy that could interfere with radio communications, a situation the user would have to fix at their own expense.

EQUIPMENT MODIFICATION CAUTION: Equipment changes or modifications not expressly approved by Sensormatic Electronics Corporation, the party responsible for FCC compliance, could void the user's authority to operate the equipment and could create a hazardous condition.

Other Declarations

WARRANTY DISCLAIMER: Sensormatic Electronics Corporation makes no representation or warranty with respect to the contents hereof and specifically disclaims any implied warranties of merchantability or fitness for any particular purpose. Further, Sensormatic Electronics Corporation reserves the right to revise this publication and make changes from time to time in the content hereof without obligation of Sensormatic Electronics Corporation to notify any person of such revision or changes.

LIMITED RIGHTS NOTICE: For units of the Department of Defense, all documentation and manuals were developed at private expense and no part of it was developed using Government Funds. The restrictions governing the use and disclosure of technical data marked with this legend are set forth in the definition of "limited rights" in paragraph (a) (15) of the clause of DFARS 252.227.7013. Unpublished - rights reserved under the Copyright Laws of the United States.

TRADEMARK NOTICE: *American Dynamics*, *Sensormatic*, the *Sensormatic logo*, and *SpeedDome* are trademarks or registered trademarks of Sensormatic Electronics Corporation. Other product names mentioned herein may be trademarks or registered trademarks of Sensormatic or other companies.

No part of this guide may be reproduced in any form without written permission from Sensormatic Electronics Corporation.

MDR 10/02

Appendix A: Checking Power and Data for Domes Using the Standard Base

Check LEDs to verify that power and data are reaching the dome (Figure 38).

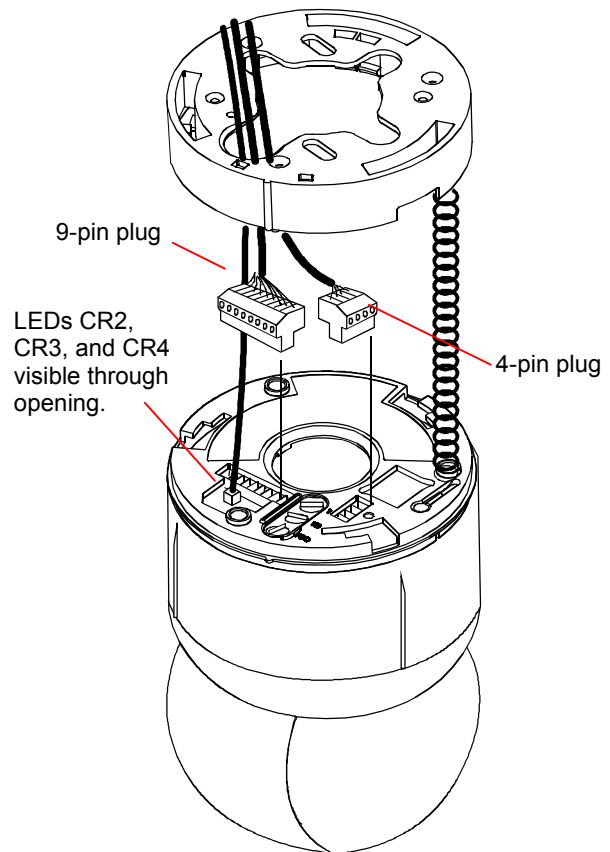
IMPORTANT! To view the LEDs, you will need to detach the dome from its base. To prevent damage to the dome, hold the dome by its housing, not its eyeball assembly.

- If the power LED (CR33) on the I/O board glows green, then ac power is connected.
- Green CR2, red (CR3), and yellow (CR4) LEDs surround the video connection and are visible through opening. Check that the following communication protocols are properly wired by observing these LEDs.

Manchester: After approximately 20 seconds, the three LEDs do the following:

Red	Green	Yellow	Possible Cause
Blinking	Steady, Blinking, then Steady ¹	Steady, then Off ²	White (pin1) and black (pin 2) correctly wired. ¹ When the network has been detected. ² When data for this dome has been received. Thereafter, the yellow LED will flicker when data is sent to this dome.
Blinking	Steady, then Blinking	Steady	White (pin 1) or white and black (pin 2) wires not connected, or white and black wires shorted.

Figure 38. Cable connections (Manchester requires separate cables for data and power)



RS422: Set the domes address switches to 900 test mode, then apply power. After approximately 20 seconds, the three LEDs do the following:

Red	Green	Yellow	Control ³	Possible Cause
Mostly Off, Blinking On	Mostly Off, Blinking On	Rapidly Blinking	Yes	RX+ (pin 6) and RX- (pin 7) correctly wired.
Mostly Off, Blinking On	Mostly Off, Blinking On	Rapidly Blinking	No	Wire to RX+ (pin 6) not connected.
Mostly On, Blinking Off	Mostly On, Blinking Off	Rapidly Blinking	No	Wires to RX+ (pin 6) and RX- (pin 7) reversed.
Off	On	Alternating Off and On Every 60 Sec.	No	Wire to RX- (pin 7) not connected. Wires to RX+ or RX- not connected or shorted together. Wires to RX+ and/or RX- shorted to ac ground.

³ When not in address 900 test mode.

When done testing, reset the address switches back to the camera address.

SensorNet: After approximately 20 seconds, the three LEDs do the following:

Red	Green	Yellow	Control	Possible Cause
Blinking	Steady, then Rapidly Blinking	Steady, then Off ⁴	Yes	Pins 1 and 2 correctly wired. ⁴ When data for this dome is received. Thereafter, the yellow LED will flicker when data is sent to this dome.
Blinking	Steady, then Rapidly Blinking	Steady, then Off ⁵	No	Wires to pin 1 and/or pin 2 shorted to ac ground. ⁵ When data for this dome is received.
Blinking	Steady, then Rapidly Blinking	Steady	No	Wire to pin 2 not connected.
Blinking	Steady, then Blinking	Steady	No	Wires to pins 1 and 2 shorted together. Wire to pin 1 not connected or both wires to pins 1 and 2 not connected.